



# Wiltshire Police

## Stop and Search Overview

Fiscal Quarter 2 2021-2021

## **Stop and Search**

Stop and search is an important tactic in preventing and detecting crime and, when it is used appropriately, lawfully and proportionately, it can have a positive impact on keeping our communities safe and building confidence in local policing.

However, there are understandable concerns, both locally and nationally, about exactly how it is used and whether it disproportionately impacts people from ethnic minority backgrounds. This is something we take incredibly seriously in Wiltshire and we are committed to the Best Use of Stop and Search Scheme and regularly review its objectives to ensure continued compliance.

Anyone who is stopped and searched is invited to provide feedback, which is presented to our Stop and Search Scrutiny Panel, considered in future training practices and processes and fed back directly to officers. The panel, which is currently meeting virtually due to Covid, is made up of a diverse representation of our local communities and they review searches conducted by our officers to ensure good practice.

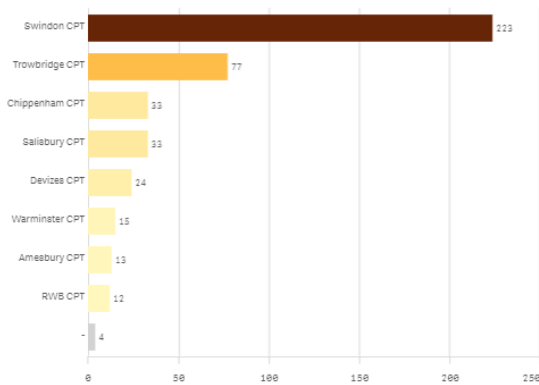
We continue to promote transparency which includes the wearing of body worn cameras, sharing information on where our powers are used and the introduction of independent scrutiny arrangements.

## Key Findings

For the second fiscal quarter of 2021-2022:

- Wiltshire Police have recorded 434 Stop and Searches;
- The highest proportion of Stop and Searches were conducted within the Swindon Community Policing Team (CPT) area, contributing to 51.4% of the total. This is followed by Trowbridge CPT which contributed 17.7% to the total;
- Of the total volume of Stop and Searches, 63.4% involved the search for a controlled drug. Of the same total, 3.2% had multiple search reasons attached to the record;
- The proportion of Stop and Searches resulting in police action was 22.8%, with 6.9% of the total resulting in an arrest. Those that resulted in no further action equated to 77.2%. 0.4% of Stop and Searches did not have an outcome recorded;
- Of the total volume of Stop and Searches, 71.9% of cases resulted in no object being found and with 27.9% resulted in an object being found. 0.2% of searches did not have this information recorded. Of the searches resulting in an object found, 24.9% were objects related to the reason for the Stop and Search;
- Based on those stopped with a Wiltshire residence address (313 stops), searches taken place of those belonging to;
  - Asian Ethnicity Group - 0.52 in every 1,000;
  - Black Ethnicity Group – 2.63 in every 1,000;
  - Chinese or 'other' Ethnicity Group – 1.00 in every 1,000;
  - Mixed Ethnicity Group – 0.8 in every 1,000;
  - White Ethnicity Group - 0.41 in every 1,000.
- Data to the 12 months ending Sep-21 demonstrates that those belonging to an ethnic minority group are 2.6 times more likely to be stopped (per 1,000 population) than those identifying as White ethnicity. This is a year on year reduction from 3.0.
- Wiltshire Police are heavily involved in proactive operations to tackle youth violence and County Lines and as a result 62% of those people stopped were under the age of 25. The youngest person Stop and Searched during this period was 11 years old and the oldest was 68 years old;
- Of the 434 Stop and Searches recorded, 9.4% (41) were conducted between the hours of 11pm and midnight.

## By Area



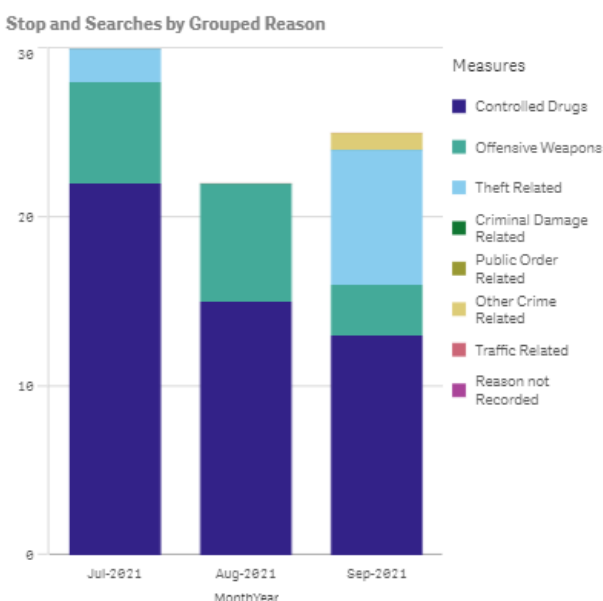
The above bar chart gives a visual representation of the volume of Stop and Searches recorded across Wiltshire's police force area. The bar chart shows that Swindon CPT have recorded the largest proportion of Stop and Searches, followed by Trowbridge CPT, Salisbury CPT and Salisbury CPT.

Swindon continues to be the most impacted by County Lines due to its location on the M4 corridor and its transport connections to London. Of these Stop and Searches in the Swindon CPT area, 56.1% were related to controlled drugs. In 29.6% of these cases, the object searched for was found and 21.6% of these resulted in an arrest.

In the Trowbridge area, 64.9% of Stop Searches were related to controlled drugs. In 36.0% of cases, the object searched for was found and 88.9% of these resulted in police action.

Salisbury has seen an increase in County Lines activity and Stop and Searches continue to increase, most significantly in the city centre.

## By Reason for the Search



For each recorded Stop and Search, there is the option to have multiple reasons for why the Stop Search was conducted. This results in a larger volume of recorded search reasons compared to the total volume of Stop and Searches.

For the most recent quarter, this has resulted in 3.2% of Stop and Searches being connected to more than one search reason.

63.4% of Stop and Searches involved the search for a controlled drug.

## By Object Found

No Object Found

71.9%

Object Found

27.9%

Intended Search Object Found

24.9%

As part of a Stop and Search, we must define whether any object was found as part of that search.

Of the 434 Stop and Searches recorded, 71.9% resulted in no object being found and 27.8% resulted in an object found.

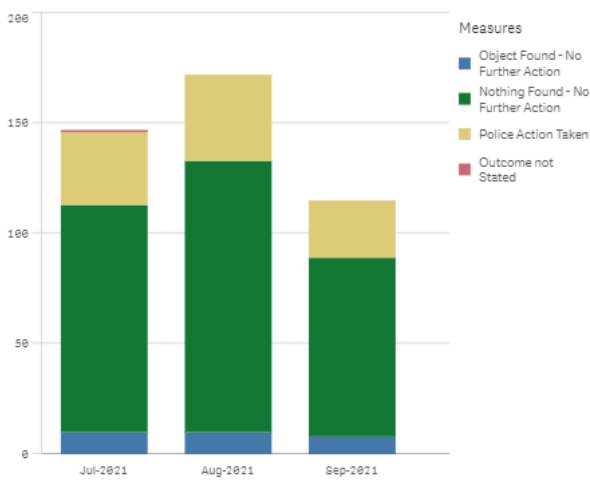
24.9% related to the intended object that was being searched for, meaning that 3.0% of searches found an object not of the original search.

The remaining 0.2% did not have this information recorded.

At present we are developing the ability to report on the results of those objects found through data extraction software and hope to report on this soon.

## By Police Action Taken

Stop and Searches by Grouped Outcome



It should be noted that one Stop and Search can have multiple outcomes.

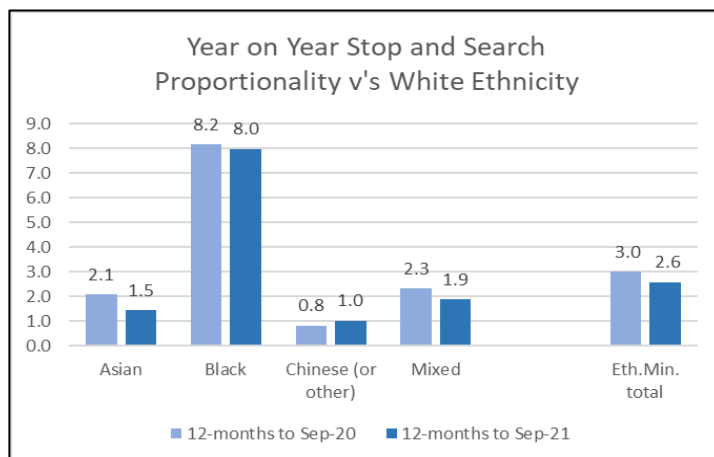
Of the 434 Stop and Searches recorded, 77.2% ended with no further action to be taken. 22.8% resulted in police action, 30.6% of which resulted in arrest.

0.4% of Stop and Searches in this period did not have an outcome recorded.

## By Disproportionality

Disproportionality refers to a situation in which racial or ethnic groups are represented at a higher proportion than other racial or ethnic groups. It looks at the relative ratios of those people Stop and Searched as a proportion of the resident population in the specified area.

Wiltshire population data is based on the 2011 Census, as such analysis should be considered cautiously considering the length of time since the last Census.



Year on year comparison demonstrates that disproportionality is reducing when looking at likelihood of individuals belonging to an ethnic minority group being stopped per 1,000 population, against those of White ethnicity. Reductions are seen across majority ethnic groups. 12 months to Sep-21 showing that those belonging to an ethnic minority group are 2.6 times more likely to be stopped than those of white ethnicity.

It is to be noted that of 434 Stop and Searches within the quarter, 355 of these recorded the address of the person stopped. Within these 355 stops, 42 were out of county area. Of these 50 stops whereby the address was recorded as out of county; 5 individuals identified as belonging to an ethnic minority group (5 Black ethnicity group and 1 Asian group) and 28 identified as White Ethnicity (9 did not state an ethnicity)

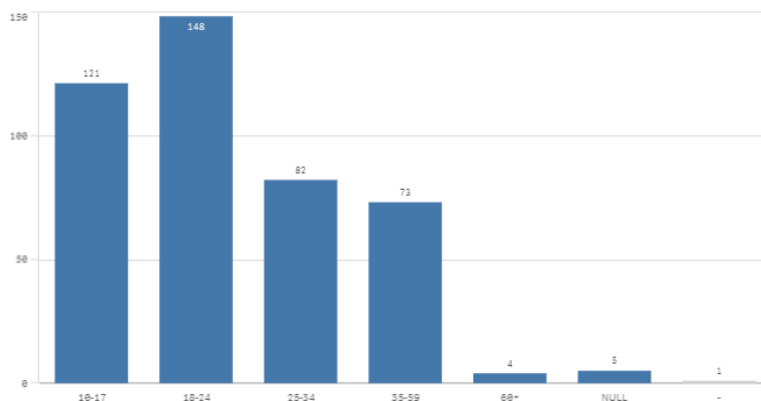
When rating against Wiltshire's population it is more appropriate to only include those, who have been stopped and who also reside in Wiltshire. By analysing the 313 stops on Wiltshire residents during this fiscal quarter, on average 1 in every 1,000 of Wiltshire's population who belongs to an ethnic minority group were Stopped and Searched. This further breaks down into the following ethnicity categories:

- Asian Ethnicity Group - 0.52 in every 1,000;
- Black Ethnicity Group – 2.63 in every 1,000;
- Chinese or other Ethnicity Group – 1.00 in every 1,000;
- Mixed Ethnicity Group – 0.8 in every 1,000;
- White Ethnicity Group - 0.41 in every 1,000.

Self Defined Ethnicity	Resident Population	Stop Search Vol.	Per 1,000 population (stop search)	Object Found	Positive Outcome	Outcome - Arrest	Find Rate
	675,904	434	0.64	121	87	30	27.9%
<b>Asian or Asian British</b>	<b>17,379</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>0.63</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>36.4%</b>
A1. Asian - Indian	8,448	4	0.47	0	0	0	0.0%
A2. Asian - Pakistani	1,507	3	1.99	1	1	0	33.3%
A3. Asian - Bangladeshi	1,531	1	0.65	1	1	0	100.0%
A9. Any other Asian background	5,893	3	0.51	2	1	0	66.7%
<b>Black or Black British</b>	<b>6,089</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3.94</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>20.8%</b>
B1. Black Caribbean	1,958	11	5.62	1	1	0	9.1%
B2. Black African	3,136	8	2.55	2	1	1	25.0%
B9. Any other Black background	995	5	5.03	2	0	0	40.0%
<b>Chinese or Other Ethnic Group</b>	<b>4,006</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.25</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>40.0%</b>
O1. Chinese	2,164	2	0.92	0	0	0	0.0%
O9. Any other ethnic group	1,842	3	1.63	2	2	2	66.7%
<b>Mixed</b>	<b>9,794</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>25.0%</b>
M1. White & Black Caribbean	3,474	5	1.44	2	1	0	40.0%
M2. White & Black African	1,224	1	0.82	0	0	0	0.0%
M3. White & Asian	2,830	1	0.35	0	0	0	0.0%
<b>Not Stated or Null</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>0.44</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>16.2%</b>
Totals	-	25	-	3	3	0	12.0%
Not stated	-	12	-	3	1	1	25.0%
<b>Null</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>27.3%</b>
Totals	638,636	349	0.55	102	75	26	29.2%
W1. White British	616,753	337	0.55	99	72	26	29.4%
W9. Any other white background	21,883	12	0.55	3	3	0	25.0%

Population data from the 2011 Census, based on whole population. Data available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/>

## By Age Range



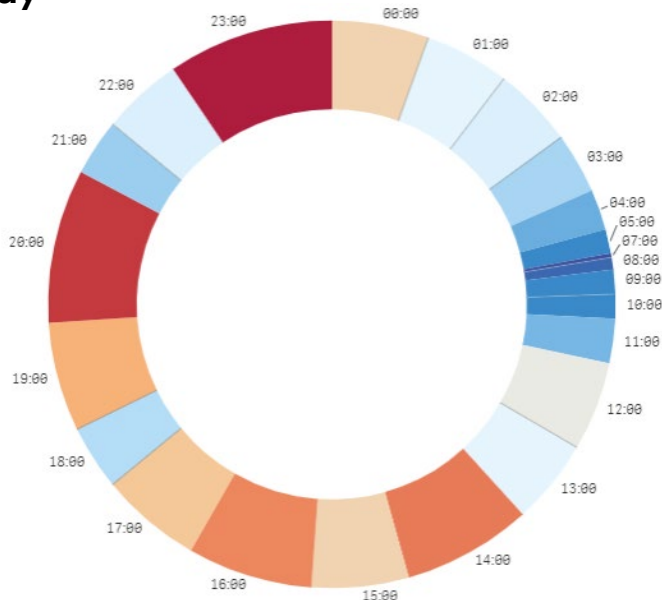
Of the 434 Stop and Searches recorded, 62% (269) were to stop a person under the age of 25.

As a breakdown of the age groups stopped:

- 10 to 17 year olds account for 27.9%;
- 18 to 24 year olds, 34.1%;
- 25 to 34 year olds, 18.9%;
- 35 to 59 year olds, 16.8%;
- Over 60 year olds, 0.9%;
- Not Stated, 1.4%.

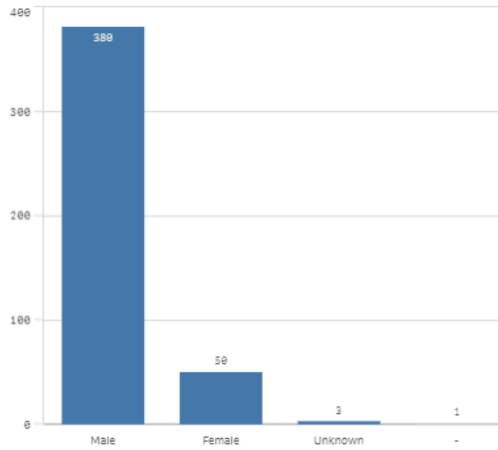
At present, Wiltshire Police are heavily engaged in proactive operations to tackle the increase in youth violence and County Lines. This is represented in the high proportions of those individuals stopped under the age of 25.

## By Hour of the Day



The above heat map shows that 9.4% (41) of the 434 Stop and Searches in this period were conducted between the hours of 11pm and midnight.

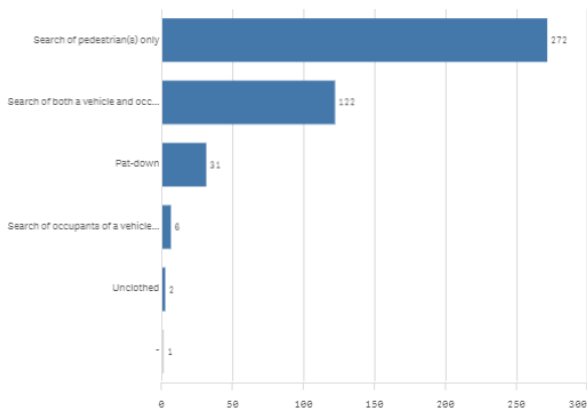
## By Gender



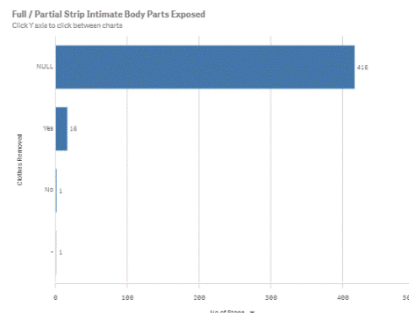
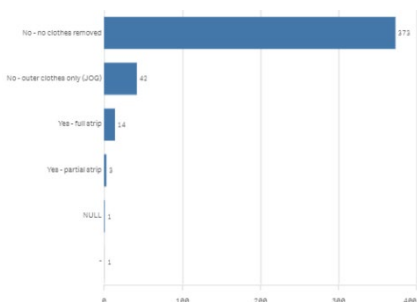
When looking at the breakdown of genders, Males feature as the most predominant gender Stop and Searched at 87.6%.

The proportion of Females stopped was 11.5%, with the remaining 0.9% Unknown or not recorded.

## By Type of Search and Clothing Removed



62.7% of 434 Stop and Searches recorded during this fiscal quarter were recorded as a search of pedestrian only. In 85.9% of all cases, no clothes were removed from the person and 9.7% involved the removal of outer clothes only.



The above table identifies that 14 (3.2%) cases were a full strip search, 14 (100%) of which resulted in the exposure of intimate body parts. 12 of these persons were male. The 14 full strip searches which exposed intimate body parts equates to 3.2% of all 434 recorded Stop and Searches. 28.6% of these Stop and Searches resulted in an object of search being found.